

From the analysis of the CF Foundation Patient Registry data in 2013

More than
28,000
people with CF were seen at a CF Foundation-accredited care center and consented to have their data or their child's data entered into the Registry. Almost 50 percent of those followed in the Registry were age 18 years or older.

66%
of new CF diagnoses were made in the first year of life.

The median predicted age of survival has increased from 33.4 years in 2003 to
40.7
years in 2013.

2,697
people with CF were 40 years or older.

Pseudomonas
prevalence is declining and the prevalence of MRSA has stabilized. Nontuberculous mycobacteria (NTM) infections are of concern.

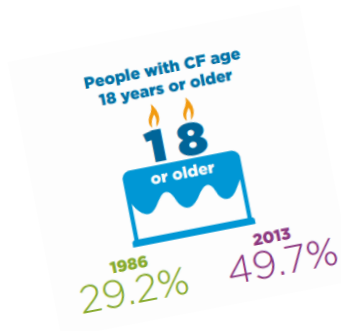
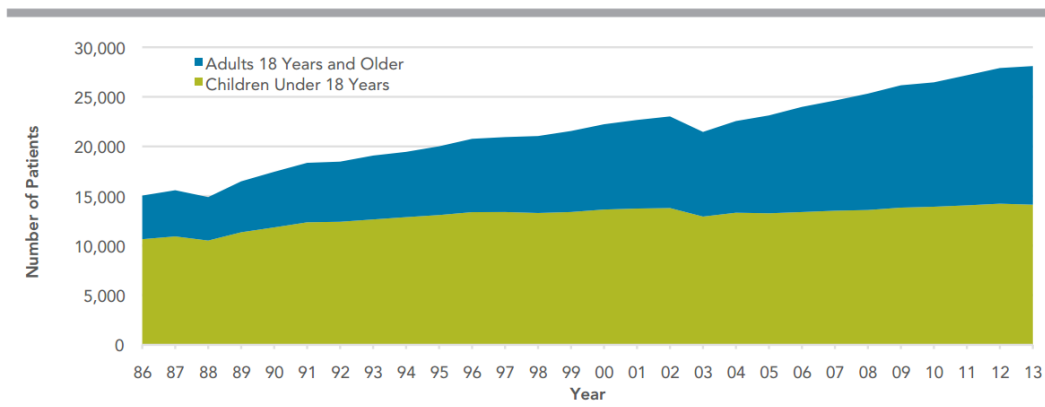
Registry data shows continuous improvement in
nutrition
and
pulmonary
health outcomes in children and adults.

Sweat testing
is an extremely valuable diagnostic test, yet fewer people currently have a sweat test recorded in the Registry than in the past. This is especially common among those with two copies of the F508del mutation.

Of adults with CF,
46%
were working full time or part time and
22%
were students.

97%
of people with CF have had their mutations identified through genetic testing.

Number of Children and Adults with CF, 1986–2013



Adding Tomorrows.

The Cystic Fibrosis Foundation is driving research to make a difference for people living with cystic fibrosis.